AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the formula (I):

$$R^{5'}$$
 $R^{4'}$
 $R^{4'}$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 $R^{5'}$
 R^{6}
 R^{5}
 R^{6}
 R^{7}
 R^{7}

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, CI, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;

- (d) R¹ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;
- (f) R³ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (g) alternatively if R² is NR', then R¹ or R³ can come together with NR' to form a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- (h) if R² is CR'₂, then R¹ or R³ can come together with CR'₂ to form a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- (i) if R² is CR'₂, then R¹ and R³ can come together with CR'₂ to form a substituted or unsubstituted bicyclic ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; and
- (j) W is O or CH₂;optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 2. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 1, wherein R⁵ and/or R^{5'} is OH.
- 3. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 1, wherein R⁵ or R^{5'} is a residue of an amino acid.
 - 4. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 3, wherein the amino acid is valine.
 - 5. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 3, wherein the amino acid is L-valine.

6. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the general formula 1 (A-D), 2 (A-D), 3 (A-B), 4 (A-B), 5 (A-B), 6 (A-B), 7 (A-C) or 8 (A):

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{4

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I) pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;

(e) Z is CH, CX, or N;

(f) each X, X', and X" is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;

- (g) each Y and Y' is independently O, S, NH, NR^c, NOR^c, or Se;
- (h) each R^a is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (i) each R^c, R^c, and R^c independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (j) W is O or CH₂;optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 7. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the general formula:

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;

- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) each Z and Z' is independently CH, CX, or N;
- (f) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (g) R^b is R^c, OR^c, NH₂, NHR^c, or NR^cR^{c'};
- (h) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂;optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 8. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

9. (Withdrawn): A method for the treatment of an HCV infection in a host comprising administering an effective amount of a compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 10. (Withdrawn): The method of any one of claims 1, 6, 7, 8, or 9, further comprising administering to the host in combination and/or alternation one or more effective anti-viral agents, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 11. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 10, wherein the anti-viral agent is selected from the group consisting of ribavirin, interferon, pegylated interferon alfa –2a, interferon alfacon-1, natural interferon, albinterferon alpha 2b,interferon beta-1a, omega interferon, oral interferon alpha, interferon gamma-1b, interleukin-10, merimebodib, amantadine, hepatitis C immune globulin, levovirin, viramidine, thymosin alfa-1, histamine dihydrochloride, and telaprevir.
- 12. (Withdrawn): The method of any one of claims 1, 6, 7, 8, or 9, wherein the host is a human.

13. (Currently Amended): A compound of the formula (I):

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{5}
 R^{6}
 R^{3}
 R^{3}

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R¹ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;

- R³ is hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, (f) heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆;
- alternatively if R² is NR', then R¹ or R³ can come together with NR' to form (g) a substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- if R2 is CR2, then R1 or R3 can come together with CR2 to form a (h) substituted or unsubstituted 5-7 membered ring that can include one or more heteroatoms; or
- if R2 is CR2, then R1 and R3 can come together with CR2 to form a substituted or unsubstituted bicyclic ring that can include one or more heteroatoms: and
- W is O or CH2; (i)

optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier; provided that when W is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, and R¹, R³, R⁴, R⁵, and R^{5'} are hydrogen, R² is not NH and that when R² is CR'₂. W is O. R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, the bicyclic ring formed is not a xanthinyl ring wherein R¹ and R² or R² and R³ form together the five-membered ring or an 8-azaxanthinyl ring wherein R² and R³ form together the five-membered ring; and provided that the compound is not 5',3-cyclo-isoguanosine.

- (Original): The compound of claim 13, wherein R⁵ and/or R^{5'} is OH. 14.
- (Original): The compound of claim 13, wherein R⁵ or R^{5'} is a residue of an 15. amino acid.
 - 16. (Original): The compound of claim 15, wherein the amino acid is valine.

- 17. (Original): The compound of claim 15, wherein the amino acid is L-valine.
- 18. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula 1 (A-D):

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;

- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (f) Y is O, S, NH, NR^c, NOR^c, or Se,
- (g) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (h) W is O or CH₂;

 optionally with a pharmacoutically acceptable carrier; provided that for compounds of formula 1 (B), when X is OH, Y is O, W is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N; and provided that for compounds of formula 1 (D), when X is OH, Y is O, W is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N.
- 19. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula:

$$R^{5'}$$
 $R^{4'}$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;

- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N and Z' is CH or CX;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (f) Rb is Rc, ORc, NH2, NHRc, or NRcRc';
- (g) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (h) W is O or CH₂[[;]] optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 20. (Currently Amended): A compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally with a pharmaceutically-acceptable carrier.

21. (Currently Amended): A compound of the formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

22. (Previously Presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of any one of the compounds of claims 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 34, or 36 together with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

23. (Previously Presented): A pharmaceutical composition comprising an effective amount of any one of the compounds of claims 13, 18, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 29, 30, 33, 34, or 36 together with one or more effective anti-viral agents, optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 24. (Previously Presented): The pharmaceutical composition of claim 23, wherein the anti-viral agent is selected from the group consisting of ribavirin, interferon, pegylated interferon alfa –2a, interferon alfacon-1, natural interferon, albinterferon alpha 2b,interferon beta-1a, omega interferon, oral interferon alpha, interferon gamma-1b, interleukin-10, merimebodib, amantadine, hepatitis C immune globulin levovirin, viramidine thymosin alfa-1, histamine dihydrochloride, and telaprevir.
 - 25. (Previously presented): The compound of claim 13, wherein W is oxygen.
- 26. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula 2 (A-D), 3 (A-B), 4 (A-B), 5 (A-B), 7 (A-C), or 8 (A):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^{5} & & N = Z \\
R^{4} & & N = X \\
2 & (A) & & Y
\end{array}$$

$$R^{5}$$
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$$R^{5}$$
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$$7 \text{ (A)}$$

$$X''$$

$$R^{4}$$

$$R^$$

$$R^{5}$$
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 R^{4}

- each R⁴ and R⁴ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), (a) pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R⁴ is hydrogen;
- each R⁵ and R⁵ is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), (b) pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R⁵ is hydrogen;
- each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, (c) alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;

- (e) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (f) each X, X', and X" is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (g) each Y and Y' is independently O, S, NH, NRc, NORc, or Se;
- (h) each R^a is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C_1 - C_6 ;
- (i) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (j) W is O or CH_2 ;

optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier; provided that for compounds of formula 2 (D), when X is OH<u>or NH</u>₂, Y is O, W is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N and for compounds of formula 8 (A), when R² is NH, R^a is hydrogen, W is O, and R⁴, R⁵, and R^{5'} are hydrogen, R^{4'} is not hydroxyl.

27. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula 1 (E-H):

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (f) Y is O, S, NH, NR^c, NOR^c, or Se; and
- (g) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl;

optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier provided that for compounds of formula 1 (F), when X is OH, Y is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N; and provided that for compounds of formula 1 (H), when X is OH, Y is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N.

- 28. (Previously presented): A compound of claim 27 wherein the compound is of formula 1H.
- 29. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula 2 (E-H), 3 (C-D), 4 (C-D), 5 (C-D), 6 (C-D), 7 (D-F), or 8 (B):

$$R^{5}$$
 R^{4}
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$$R^{5}$$
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- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;

- (d) R² is oxygen, sulfur, NR', or CR'₂, wherein each R' is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, aryl, or aralkyl of C₁-C₆;
- (e) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (f) each X, X', and X" is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (g) each Y and Y' is independently O, S, NH, NR^c, NOR^c, or Se;
- (h) each R^a is independently hydrogen, lower alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, aminoalkyl, aminoaryl, or aminoacyl of C₁-C₆; and
- (i) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl;

optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier-provided that for compounds of formula 2 (H), when X is OH or NH₂, Y is O, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z is not N and for compounds of formula 8 (B), when R² is NH, R^a is hydrogen, and R⁴, R⁵, and R^{5'} are hydrogen, R^{4'} is not hydroxyl.

30. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula:

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

- (a) each Z' and Z" is independently CH, CX, or N;
- (b) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c; and
- (c) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl[[;]]

optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 31. (Currently Amended): The compound of claim 21 wherein the compound [[is]] has formula 1S.
- 32. (Currently Amended): The compound of claim 21 wherein the compound [[is]] has formula 10.
 - 33. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula:

$$R^{5'}$$
 $R^{4'}$
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}
 R^{5}
 R^{4}

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;

- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is independently CH or CX and Z' is independently CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (f) R^b is R^c, OR^c, NH₂, NHR^c, or NR^cR^{c'}; and
- (g) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (h) W is O or CH_2 ;

provided that when Z is CH, R^b is hydrogen, R^{4'} is hydroxyl, R⁴ is hydrogen, R^{5'} is hydroxyl, and R⁵ is hydrogen, Z' is not N optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

34. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula 1 (AG-AJ):

- (a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;
- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;

- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (f) X' is alkyl;
- (g) Y is O, S, NH, NR^c, NOR^c, or Se;
- (h) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂[[;]] optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 35. (Previously presented): The compound of claim 34, wherein W is oxygen.
- 36. (Currently Amended): A compound of the general formula 1 (AK) or 1 (AL):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

(a) each R⁴ and R^{4'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl,

alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁴ and R^{4'} is hydrogen;

- (b) each R⁵ and R^{5'} is independently hydrogen, halogen (F, Br, Cl, or I), pseudohalogen, NO₂, lower alkyl of C₁-C₆, halogenated lower alkyl, hydroxyl, alkoxy, CH₂OH, CH₂OR⁶, NH₂, NR⁶R⁷, or a residue of an amino acid; wherein at least one of R⁵ and R^{5'} is hydrogen;
- (c) each R⁶ and R⁷ is independently hydrogen, alkyl, halogenated alkyl, alkylene, alkenyl, carbocycle, aryl, heterocycle, heteroaryl, aralkyl, or acyl;
- (d) Z is CH, CX, or N;
- (e) X is hydrogen, halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I), NH₂, NHR^c, NR^cR^{c'}, NHOR^c, NR^cNR^{c'}R^{c''}, OH, OR^c, SH, or SR^c;
- (f) X' is halogen (F, Cl, Br, or I);
- (g) Y is O, S, NH, NR^c, NOR^c, or Se;
- (h) each R^c, R^{c'}, and R^{c''} independently is hydrogen, lower alkyl, lower alkenyl, aryl, or arylalkyl such as unsubstituted or substituted phenyl or benzyl, cycloalkyl, or cyclopropyl; and
- (i) W is O or CH₂[[;]] optionally with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 37. (Previously presented): The compound of claim 36, wherein W is oxygen.